Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996
Indiana

Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)		Injuries ar	nd illnesses		Injuries				
			Total cases	Lost work	day cases	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Lost workday cases			
				Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>			Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	Cases without lost workdays	
All industries including State and local government <sup>7</sup>		2,706.3	9.5	4.0	2.5	5.5	8.6	3.7	2.4	4.9	
Private industry <sup>7</sup>		2,379.9	9.7	4.2	2.6	5.6	8.8	3.8	2.4	4.9	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>7</sup>		23.8	8.5	2.7	2.1	5.8	8.1	2.7	2.0	5.4	
Agricultural production <sup>7</sup>	01-02 01 07	9.9 6.0 13.7	10.3 10.4 7.6	3.5 2.8 2.3	2.2 1.8 2.0	6.8 7.6 5.3	9.8 10.1 7.2	3.5 2.8 2.3	2.2 1.8 1.9	6.4 7.2 4.9	
Mining <sup>8</sup>		6.3	5.5	3.4	2.8	2.1	5.4	3.4	2.8	2.0	
Construction		134.0	11.8	4.8	4.2	6.9	11.5	4.7	4.1	6.8	
Construction  General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work  Manufacturing  Durable goods  Lumber and wood products Millwork, plywood and structural members Wood kitchen cabinets Wood buildings and mobile homes Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Office furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and steel mills	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 176 177 24 243 2434 245 2451 25 251 252 32 327 33 331 3312	134.0 37.4 19.4 17.6 16.4 4.5 11.8 80.2 21.4 4.6 13.3 9.0 6.5 6.2 674.6 484.1 28.7 12.6 5.6 8.5 7.7 25.2 9.7 6.2 18.5 5.3 67.4 34.1 30.4	11.8  12.2 12.6 11.9 11.4 10.9 11.6 11.6 11.0 8.3 10.7 13.2 20.3 10.8  14.2  14.8  21.2  20.3 16.1 26.2 27.3 13.2 14.4 13.1 8.7 12.9 15.8 8.7 7.7	4.8 5.0 5.1 5.0 5.5 5.1 5.7 4.6 3.8 3.6 3.1 7.3 10.7 5.3 5.9 5.8 9.0 9.2 5.9 7.8 4.7 5.6 3.1 3.9 5.9 6.5 3.5 3.0	4.2 4.5 4.7 4.3 4.7 3.9 3.4 2.6 2.3 6.2 9.8 4.8 3.0 3.1 5.8 5.4 4.0 5.6 5.3 2.8 2.9 2.1 4.9 3.9 3.9 3.9	6.9 7.2 7.5 7.0 5.9 5.8 5.9 7.0 7.1 4.7 7.6 5.9 9.6 5.5 8.3 9.0 12.3 11.1 10.2 18.3 19.4 8.5 8.8 10.0 4.7 7.0 9.3 5.2 4.7	11.5  12.0 12.4 11.7 11.3 10.7 11.5 11.3 10.3 8.2 20.1 9.9 12.1 12.7 20.7 19.3 14.4 26.2 27.2 11.7 12.1 12.2 8.2 12.7 14.6 8.0 7.1	4.7  4.8 5.0 4.8 5.4 5.1 5.6 4.5 3.6 3.5 3.1 7.3 10.6 5.2 5.0 5.0 8.8 8.9 5.3 7.9 7.8 4.2 4.9 2.9 3.8 5.9 6.1 3.4 3.0	4.1 4.3 4.5 4.2 4.6 3.8 3.2 2.4 2.3 6.2 9.8 4.8 2.7 2.8 5.7 5.2 3.7 5.6 5.3 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.1 4.9 3.7 5.2 2.4 4.9 3.7 5.2 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3	6.8 7.2 7.5 6.9 5.8 5.7 6.7 6.7 4.7 7.5 5.4 9.5 4.7 7.1 7.7 11.9 10.4 9.1 18.3 19.4 7.5 7.2 9.3 4.4 6.8 8.5 4.6 4.2	
Iron and steel foundries Gray and ductile iron foundries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Nonferrous wiredrawing and insulating Nonferrous foundries (castings) Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Metal forgings and stampings Automotive stampings Metal services, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Engines and turbines Construction and related machinery Metalworking machinery Special dies, tools, jigs and fixtures General industrial machinery Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c.	332 3321 335 3357 336 34 344 346 3465 347 349 35 351 353 354 354 356 358 359	10.0 7.5 10.1 5.4 7.0 61.8 15.2 14.6 9.3 6.3 11.8 74.7 11.6 5.7 12.7 9.7 14.0 10.8	43.1 50.5 10.7 11.3 18.6 18.9 18.1 23.6 28.6 17.4 18.4 14.4 6.7 14.6 9.9 9.3 15.4 25.5 16.5	14.7 16.7 6.7 7.4 9.9 7.7 6.8 8.2 8.5 2.5 5.5 2.5 5.6 9.9 6.2	8.6 10.4 3.8 5.1 4.6 4.5 4.2 5.6 6.1 5.8 5.0 2.4 1.0 2.6 2.2 1.9 2.6 1.9 3.5	28.4 33.8 4.1 3.9 8.6 11.2 15.4 19.8 8.9 10.2 9.0 4.2 9.1 7.1 6.8 9.7 15.7	40.4 47.6 10.4 11.3 16.0 17.4 17.3 21.6 26.1 17.1 15.7 11.6 5.8 13.4 9.7 9.3 13.8 13.3	13.9 15.9 6.6 7.4 8.4 6.9 6.4 7.5 8.0 8.3 6.8 4.5 2.1 5.2 2.7 2.5 4.9 5.9	8.2 9.9 3.8 5.1 4.1 4.0 3.9 5.1 5.6 4.0 2.1 .8 2.3 2.0 1.9 2.3 1.5 3.2	26.5 31.7 3.9 7.6 10.4 10.9 14.1 18.1 8.8 8.9 7.1 3.7 8.3 7.0 6.7 8.9 7.4 9.2	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

iliulalia											
		1996		Injuries ar	nd illnesses		Injuries				
Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)		Lost work	day cases			Lost workday cases			
			Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	Cases without lost workdays	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	Cases without lost workdays	
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	64.5	11.0	5.0	2.5	6.0	8.6	3.7	2.0	4.9	
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	6.7	16.0	8.2	3.0	7.8	12.4	6.0	2.6	6.4	
Motors and generators	3621	5.2	16.1	9.0	3.0	7.1	11.8	6.5	2.5	5.4	
Household appliances	363	8.6	18.7	9.5	2.0	9.2	14.0	6.2	1.7	7.8	
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	6.5	19.6	9.8	1.8	9.8	14.3	6.1	1.4	8.2	
Electronic components and accessories Miscellaneous electrical equipment and	367	11.7	9.9	4.2	3.4	5.7	7.2	3.0	2.5	4.3	
supplies	369	13.3	12.4	6.4	3.4	6.0	10.1	5.1	3.0	5.1	
Transportation equipment	37	113.1	15.8	5.0	2.5	10.7	12.4	4.1	2.3	8.3	
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	89.7	16.8	5.2	2.5	11.6	12.8	4.2	2.2	8.6	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	60.9	15.3	4.9	2.0	10.4	10.4	3.8	1.8	6.7	
Aircraft and parts  Miscellaneous transportation equipment	372 379	7.7 10.2	7.0 15.4	1.9 5.9	.8 3.5	5.1 9.5	5.9 14.5	1.6 5.4	3.3	4.4 9.1	
Instruments and related products	38	19.2	7.8	3.8	1.2	4.0	6.0	2.8	1.0	3.2	
Measuring and controlling devices	382	7.2	8.3	4.5	1.4	3.8	6.1	3.1	1.2	3.0	
Medical instruments and supplies	384	10.1	7.4	3.8	1.1	3.6	5.9	3.0	.8	2.9	
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	11.0	11.8	6.3	2.3	5.5	9.8	5.1	2.1	4.7	
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	5.7	10.1	4.4	2.0	5.7	9.2	4.1	1.9	5.1	
Nondurable goods		190.5	12.4	6.0	2.9	6.4	10.5	5.0	2.6	5.5	
Food and kindred products	20	33.9	21.5	11.2	4.8	10.3	16.4	8.3	4.3	8.1	
Meat products	201	7.3	43.6	23.5	5.8	20.1	24.0	12.7	4.5	11.3	
Grain mill products	204	4.5	6.7	3.5	2.3 3.7	3.2	6.6	3.5	2.2	3.1	
Bakery products Beverages	205 208	5.1 4.0	14.7 16.8	8.6 8.2	6.9	6.1 8.6	14.6 15.9	8.5 7.8	3.7 6.4	6.1 8.1	
Apparel and other textile products	23	8.8	13.2	6.0	3.5	7.2	10.8	4.7	2.9	6.1	
Paper and allied products	26	15.3	7.9	3.5	2.3	4.4	7.5	3.3	2.1	4.2	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	7.1	9.3	3.9	2.6	5.4	8.7	3.5	2.4	5.1	
Miscellaneous converted paper products	267	6.8	7.1	3.4	2.0	3.7	6.8	3.2	1.9	3.6	
Printing and publishing	27	41.0	7.3	3.3	1.8	4.0	6.4	3.0	1.6	3.4	
Newspapers	271	11.2	5.4	2.2	1.2	3.2	4.2	2.0	1.1	2.2	
Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products	275 28	16.5 28.9	7.3 5.6	3.2 2.7	1.8 1.5	4.2 2.9	6.6 5.0	2.9 2.4	1.7	3.8 2.6	
Drugs	283	15.1	3.0	1.3	.6	1.8	2.6	1.1	.6	1.4	
Petroleum and coal products	29	3.8	4.4	2.3	.4	2.1	4.3	2.3	.4	2.0	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	30	55.8	15.7	7.5	3.6	8.2	14.1	6.6	3.2	7.5	
Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c.	306	8.4	16.3	9.9	3.8	6.4	13.8	8.5	3.4	5.3	
Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c	308	38.4	15.7	6.7	3.7	9.0	14.3	5.9	3.2	8.4	
Plastics products, n.e.c.	3089	26.0	17.0	7.4	3.6	9.6	15.5	6.6	3.2	8.9	
Transportation and public utilities <sup>8,9</sup>		132.1	7.6	4.2	3.1	3.4	7.4	4.1	3.0	3.3	
Railroad transportation 8	40	_	3.6	2.9	2.6	.7	3.6	2.9	2.6	.6	
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	4.9	7.8	5.2	3.8	2.6	7.6	5.2	3.8	2.4	
Trucking and courier services,	,										
except air <sup>9</sup>	421	57.3	6.5	3.0	2.4	3.5	6.5	3.0	2.4	3.5	
Transportation by air <sup>9</sup> Communications	45 48	19.0 20.2	21.3 3.4	15.0 1.3	12.0 1.0	6.3 2.2	21.0 3.2	14.9 1.2	11.9 1.0	6.1 2.0	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	48 49	20.2	3.4 6.8	2.9	1.0	3.9	3.2 6.3	2.8	1.0	3.5	
Electric services	491	10.7	5.1	2.2	.5	2.9	4.5	2.1	.5	2.4	
Wholesale and retail trade		678.2	8.3	3.7	2.4	4.6	7.8	3.6	2.3	4.2	
Wholesale trade		138.9	9.3	5.2	3.1	4.1	9.2	5.1	3.1	4.0	
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	90.0	8.8	4.5	3.2	4.3	8.7	4.4	3.2	4.2	
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	14.0	9.7	4.9	2.5	4.7	9.6	4.9	2.4	4.7	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	48.8	10.4	6.6	3.0	3.8	10.0	6.3	2.8	3.7	
Groceries and related products	514	15.2	16.9	9.2	4.7	7.8	16.7	9.1	4.6	7.6	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

							Injuries				
Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Injuries and illnesses					Inju 	T		
				Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
			Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days withou away lost	without	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost workdays	
Retail trade		539.3	8.0	3.2	2.2	4.7	7.3	3.1	2.1	4.2	
Building materials and garden supplies  Lumber and other building materials  General merchandise stores  Food stores	52 521 53 54	26.5 16.5 78.1 71.3	10.5 13.6 9.4 10.2	5.2 7.1 5.1 3.4	2.6 3.4 3.0 2.3	5.3 6.5 4.3 6.8	10.2 13.1 9.1 10.0	5.1 7.0 4.9 3.4	2.6 3.4 2.9 2.2	5.1 6.1 4.2 6.6	
Grocery stores  Automotive dealers and service stations  New and used car dealers  Gasoline service stations  Apparel and accessory stores	541 55 551 554 56	64.7 60.2 23.5 22.2 20.3	10.2 8.6 7.4 5.3 4.9	3.1 2.9 2.3 1.7 2.3	2.2 2.4 1.9 1.3	7.1 5.7 5.2 3.6 2.6	9.9 7.9 7.4 5.2 4.8	3.0 2.9 2.3 1.7 2.2	2.2 2.4 1.9 1.3	6.9 5.0 5.2 3.5 2.6	
Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	57 58 59	19.8 195.4 67.7	5.6 6.4 7.7	2.9 2.2 3.4	2.3 1.8 2.3	2.7 4.2 4.3	5.6 5.8 5.7	2.9 2.0 2.7	2.3 1.7 1.9	2.7 3.7 3.0	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		132.3	2.5	1.1	.8	1.4	2.3	1.0	.7	1.3	
Depository institutions	60 63 65	44.0 31.0 25.0	2.1 2.2 6.6	1.1 .9 2.3	1.0 .4 1.9	1.0 1.3 4.2	1.9 1.7 6.1	1.0 .6 2.2	.9 .3 1.8	.9 1.1 3.8	
Services		598.2	6.8	2.8	2.0	3.9	6.3	2.7	1.9	3.6	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Residential care Engineering and management services	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 82 83 836 87	22.2 28.3 24.8 8.2 27.3 214.8 50.2 80.9 28.0 43.9 13.4 32.2	7.2 7.1 7.1 6.6 8.3 9.2 19.8 8.5 3.8 8.6 10.6 1.7	2.4 3.8 2.9 2.7 3.3 4.2 10.1 3.2 1.5 3.5 3.6	1.5 2.6 2.5 2.0 - 2.8 6.7 2.0 1.0 2.0 2.8 .4	4.9 3.3 4.2 3.9 5.0 5.0 9.7 5.2 2.2 5.1 7.0	7.1 5.5 7.0 6.5 8.0 8.6 19.4 7.4 3.4 8.4 10.5	2.3 3.3 2.8 2.7 - 4.0 10.0 3.0 1.4 3.5 3.6 .5	1.4 2.4 2.4 1.9 - 2.7 6.5 1.9 .9 2.0 2.7	4.8 2.2 4.1 3.8 4.7 4.6 9.4 4.4 2.0 5.0 6.9	
State and local government		326.4	7.7	2.7	2.2	5.0	7.3	2.6	2.1	4.7	
State government		89.3	5.9	2.4	1.9	3.4	5.5	2.3	1.8	3.1	
Services		55.3	5.6	2.5	2.0	3.1	5.1	2.3	1.9	2.8	
Health services Hospitals Educational services	80 806 82	10.3 - 43.1	14.2 14.2 3.7	6.9 6.9 1.4	5.1 5.1 1.3	7.3 7.3 2.3	13.3 13.3 3.3	6.6 6.6 1.3	4.8 4.8 1.2	6.7 6.7 2.0	
Public administration		33.4	6.8	2.4	1.9	4.3	6.4	2.4	1.8	4.1	
Local government		237.1	8.7	2.9	2.3	5.8	8.3	2.8	2.2	5.5	
Services		164.2	8.0	2.5	1.9	5.5	7.6	2.4	1.8	5.2	
Educational services	82 821 823	137.8 132.1 –	7.7 7.9 3.0	2.2 2.3 .5	1.7 1.8 .5	5.5 5.6 2.5	7.6 7.7 3.0	2.2 2.2 .5	1.7 1.7 .5	5.4 5.5 2.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates1 of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued Indiana

Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)		Injuries an	ıd illnesses		Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		0		Lost workday cases		
				Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>		Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	Cases without lost workdays
Public administration		68.5	9.8	3.5	3.0	6.3	9.2	3.4	2.8	5.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

= number of injuries and illnesses

EΗ = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

- Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
- <sup>3</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.
- Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

  <sup>5</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of
- restricted work activity, or both.

  <sup>6</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from
- work with or without restricted work activity.
  - Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
- 8 Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided

to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.